GES-106-F: ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Theory

75 Marks

Field Work

25 Marks (Practical)

Unit-1 The Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies. Definition, scope and importance.

Unit-2 Natural Resources:

Renewable and non-renewable resources: Natural resources and associated problems.

- a) Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation: deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining dams and their effects on forests and tribal people.
- b) Water resources: Use and over-utilisation of surface and goround water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams- benefits and problems.
- c) Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.
- d) Food resources: World food problems, changes, caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertrilizer-pesticide problems, Water logging, salinity, case studies.
- e) Energy resources: Growing energy needs; renewable and non- renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources, case studies.
- f) Land resources: Land as a resource, loand degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification.
- * Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.
- Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

(8 lectures)

Unit-3 Ecosystems:

- Concept of an ecosystem.
- Structure and function of an ecosystem.
- Producers, consumers and decomposers.
- Energyflow in the ecosystem.
- Ecological succession.
- Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids.
- * Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:
- Forest ecosystem.
- Grassland ecosystem.
- c. Desert ecosystem.
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

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- Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case studies.
- Wasteland reclamation.
- Consumerism and waste products.
- Environment ProtrectionAct.
- * Air (Prevention and Control of pollution) Act.
- Water (Prevention and Control of pollution) Act.
- Wildlife ProtectionAct.
- Forest ConservationAct.
- Issuesinvolved inenforcement of environmentallegislation.
- Publicawareness.

(7 lectures)

Unit-7 Human population and the Environment.

Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion-FamilityWelfare Programme. Environment and human health.

Human Rights. Value Education. HIV/AIDS.

Woman and Child Welfare

Role of Informatoin Technology in Environment and human health.

Case Studies.

(6 lectures)

Unit-8 Field Work:

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- Visit to a local area to document environmental assets river/forest/grassland/hill/mountain.
- Visit to a local polluted site-urban/Rural/ Industrial/ Agricultural.
- Study of common plants, insects, birds.
- * Study of simple ecosystems- pond, river, hill slopes, etc. (Field work equal to 5 lecture hours).

References

- Agarwal, K.C. 2001 Environmental Biology, Nidi Pub. Ltd. Bikaner.
- 2. Bharucha, Frach, The Biodiversity of India, MApin Publishing Pvt. Ltd. Ahmedabad-380013, India, E-mail: mapin@icenet.net (R).
- Brunner R.C. 1989, Hazardous Waste Incineration, Mc. Graw Hill Inc. 480p.

(6 lectures)

init-4 Biodiversityand its conservation

- * Introduction Definition: Genetic, Species and ecosystem diversity.
- Biogeographical classification of India.
- Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values.
- Biodiversityat global, National and local levels.
- India as a mega-diversity nation.
- Hot-spots of biodiversity.
- Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts.
- * Endangered and endemic species of India.
- Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

(8 lectures)

Unit-5 Environmentalpollution:

Definition, causes, effects and control measures of:

- a) Air pollution.
- b) Water pollution
- c) Soilpollution
- d) Marine pollution
- e) Noise pollution
- f) Thermalpollution
- g) Nuclear hazards
- * Solids waster management : causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes.
- * Role of an individual in prevention of pollution.
- Pollution case studies.
- Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

(8 lectures)

Unit-6 Social issues and the Environment:

- From unsustainable to sustainable development.
- Urban problems related to energy.
- Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management.
- * Resettlement and rehabilitation of people: its problems and concerns case studies.
- Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions.

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